

CO2 Sensor SKU:SEN0159

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Introduction

"Greenhouse Effect" is melting the iceberg every minute,. By knowing the exact concentration of CO₂, we can do something to reduce the CO₂ and to protect our earth. For that reason, a High quality CO₂ sensor is designed by DFRobot eningeer . This is the first **CO₂ sensor** (<https://www.dfrobot.com/category-85.html>) in opensource hardware market. The output

voltage of the module falls as the concentration of the CO₂ increases. The potentiometer onboard is designed to set the threshold of voltage. Once the CO₂ concentration is high enough (voltage is lower than threshold), a digital signal (ON/OFF) will be released.

- It has MG-811 gas sensor onboard which is highly sensitive to CO₂ and less sensitive to alcohol and CO, Low humidity&temperature dependency. All components have industrial quality which means stability and reproducibility.
- Onboard heating circuit brings the best temperature for sensor to function. 5V power input will be boosted to 6V for heating.
- This sensor has an onboard conditioning circuit for amplifying output signal.



(/wiki/index.php/File:Warning_yellow.png)

- External power supply (7~12V) is necessary to supply the microcontroller board when you using this CO₂ sensor module.
- This module is an electrochemical sensor, you need to calibrate it before actual measurement.



(<https://www.dfrobot.com/product-540.html>)

CO₂ Sensor (Arduino compatible)

SKU:SEN0159

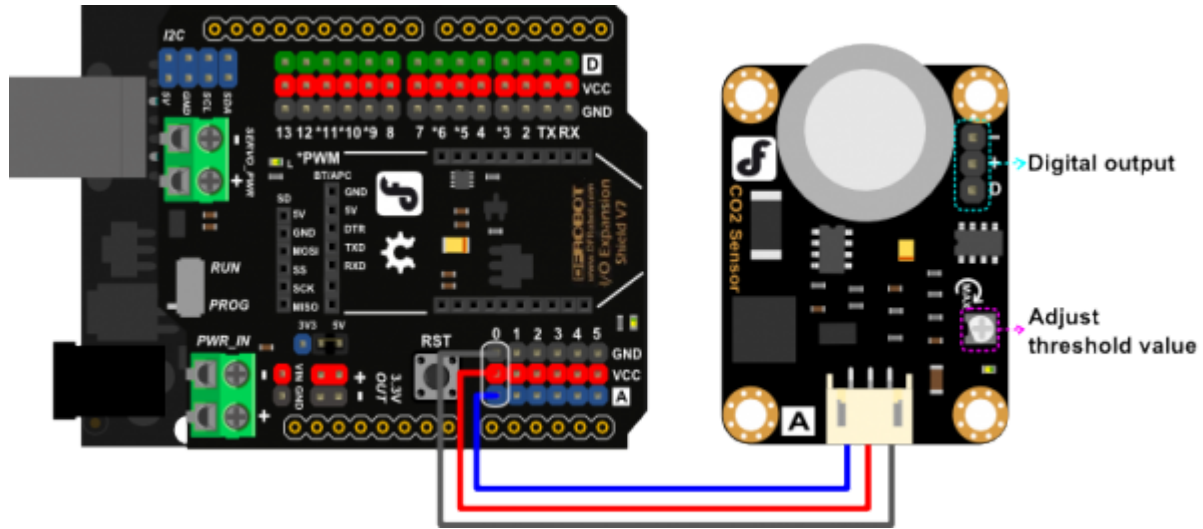
(<https://www.dfrobot.com/product-540.html>)

Specification

- Operating voltage:5V
- Interface:Analog
- One digital output
- High quality connector
- Immersion gold surface
- Onboard heating circuit

- Size:32x42mm

Connecting Diagram



(/wiki/index.php/File:SEN0159.png)

Tutorial

How to use this module?

It is very easy.

You need to set potentiometer onboard to the threshold value. Just make the red led turn off. With the CO2 concentration is enough high to make the sensor output voltage higher than threshold value, the led will be turned on. If you connect a buzzer to the module (right side), you will hear the alarm.

Calibration

This module is an electrochemistry sensor, you should calibrate it before actual measurement.

You should provide stable power to this module, and the sensor will heating while working. Please put this module into the area where the air is clean. After continuous working about 48 hours, you can measure the output voltage of this module. Then modify the definition in the code with the voltage value (unit:V) divide by 8.5.

```
#define ZERO_POINT_VOLTAGE (voltage/8.5)
```

Sample code

*/*****Demo for MG-811 Gas Sensor Module V1.1*****/*

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Note: This piece of source code is supposed to be used as a demonstration ONLY. More sophisticated calibration is required for industrial field application.

Sandbox Electronics 2012-05-31

******/*

*/****Hardware Related Macros*****/*

#define MG_PIN (A0) //define which analog input channel

#define BOOL_PIN (2)

#define DC_GAIN (8.5) //define the DC gain of amplifier

*/****Software Related Macros*****/*

#define READ_SAMPLE_INTERVAL (50) //define how many samples you are going to read

*#define READ_SAMPLE_TIMES (5) //define the time interval(in milisecond) for each sample
//normal operation*

*/****Application Related Macros*****/*

//These two values differ from sensor to sensor. user should determine this value.

#define ZERO_POINT_VOLTAGE (0.220) //define the output of the sensor in zero point

#define REACTION_VOLTAGE (0.030) //define the voltage drop of the sensor

*/****Globals*****/*

*float CO2Curve[3] = {2.602,ZERO_POINT_VOLTAGE,(REACTION_VOLTAGE/(2.602-3))};
//two points are taken from the curve
//with these two points, a line is formed
//"approximately equivalent" to the curve
//data format:{ x, y, slope}; point1: (2.602, 0.220); point2: (3, 0.250)
//slope = (reaction voltage) / (log2(3/2.602))*

void setup()

*{
Serial.begin(9600); //UART setup, baudrate = 9600bps
pinMode(BOOL_PIN, INPUT); //set pin to input
digitalWrite(BOOL_PIN, HIGH); //turn on pullup resistors*

Serial.print("MG-811 Demonstration\n");

}

void loop()

*{
int percentage;
float volts;

volts = MGRead(MG_PIN);
Serial.print("SEN0159:");
Serial.print(volts);
Serial.print("V ");*

```

percentage = MGGetPercentage(volts,CO2Curve);
Serial.print("CO2:");
if (percentage == -1) {
    Serial.print( "<400" );
} else {
    Serial.print(percentage);
}

Serial.print( "ppm" );
Serial.print("\n");

if (digitalRead(BOOL_PIN) ){
    Serial.print( "=====BOOL is HIGH=====" );
} else {
    Serial.print( "=====BOOL is LOW=====" );
}

Serial.print("\n");

delay(500);
}

/***** MGRead *****/
Input:  mg_pin - analog channel
Output: output of SEN-000007
Remarks: This function reads the output of SEN-000007
*****/
float MGRead(int mg_pin)
{
    int i;
    float v=0;

    for (i=0;i<READ_SAMPLE_TIMES;i++) {
        v += analogRead(mg_pin);
        delay(READ_SAMPLE_INTERVAL);
    }
    v = (v/READ_SAMPLE_TIMES) *5/1024 ;
    return v;
}

/***** MQGetPercentage *****/
Input:  volts - SEN-000007 output measured in volts
        pcurve - pointer to the curve of the target gas
Output: ppm of the target gas
Remarks: By using the slope and a point of the line. The x(Logarithmic value of ppm)
         of the line could be derived if y(MG-811 output) is provided. As it is a
         Logarithmic coordinate, power of 10 is used to convert the result to non-Logarithmic
         value.
*****/
int MGGetPercentage(float volts, float *pcurve)
{
    if ((volts/DC_GAIN )>=ZERO_POINT_VOLTAGE) {
        return -1;
    }
}

```

```
    } else {  
        return pow(10, ((volts/DC_GAIN)-pcurve[1])/pcurve[2]+pcurve[0]);  
    }  
}
```

→ (/wiki/index.php/File:Nextredirectltr.png)Go Shopping CO2 Sensor (Arduino compatible)
(SKU:SEN0159) (<https://www.dfrobot.com/category-85.html>)

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